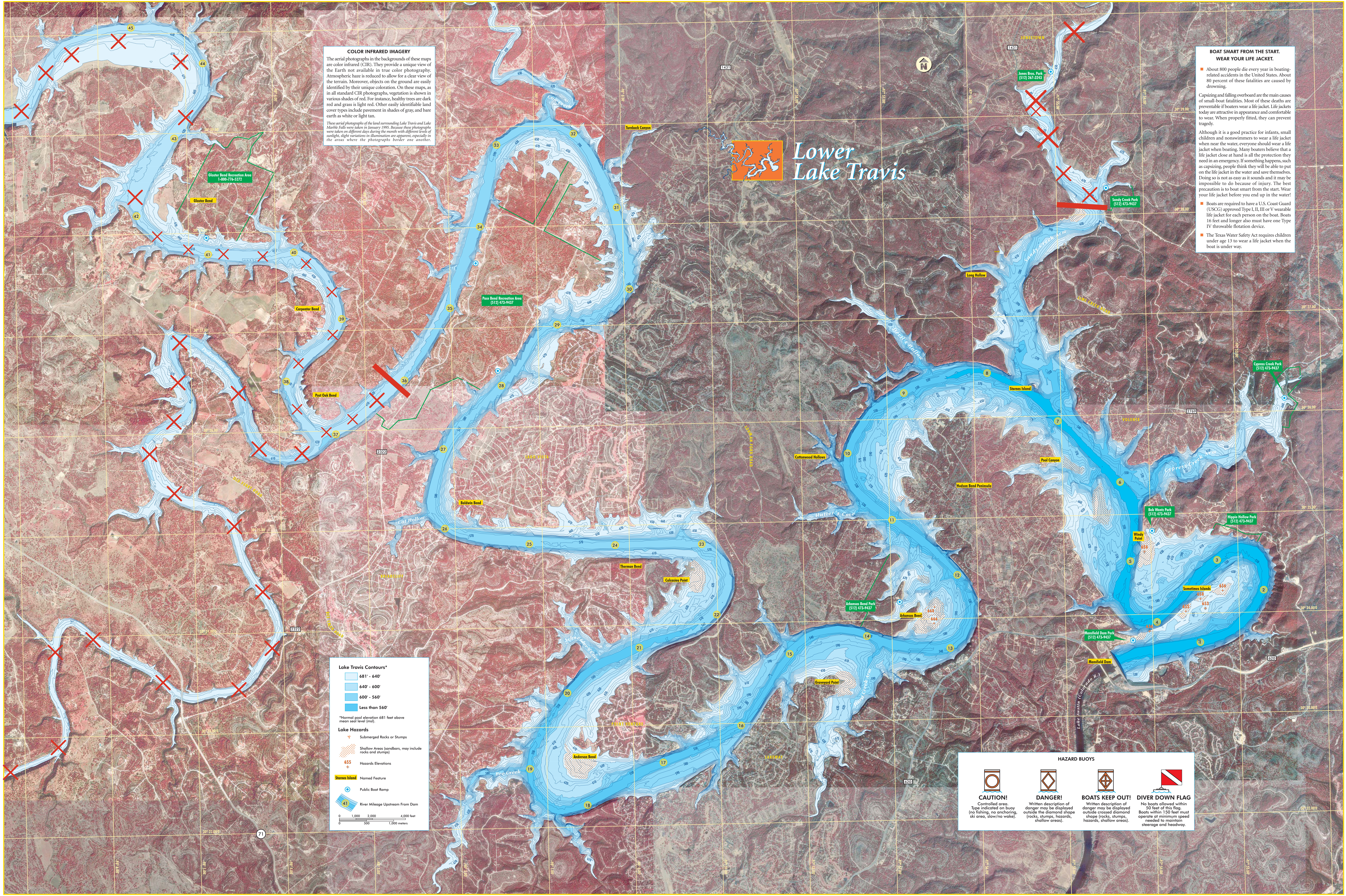
Lower Lake Travis


Jonestown
1431
Jones Bros. Park (512) 267-3243
Sandy Creek Park (512) 473-9437
Sandy Creek Arm
Long Hollow
Lime Creek Road
Turnback Canyon
Cow Creek
Gloster Bend Recreation Area 1-800-776-5272
Gloster Bend
Carpenter Bend
Pedernales River
Post Oak Bend
Pace Bend Recreation Area (512) 473-9437
2322
Lago Vista
Baldwin Bend
Cat Hollow
Briarcliff
Therman Bend
Calcasieu Point
Schneider's Cove
Lohman Ford Road
Cottonwood Hollows
Hatter's Cove
Devil's Hollow
Starnes Island
Hudson Bend Peninsula
Pool Canyon
Volente
2769
Cypress Creek Park (512) 473-9437
Cypress Creek Arm
Bob Wentz Park (512) 473-9437
Windy Point
Hippie Hollow Park (512) 473-9437
Sometimes Islands
Arkansas Bend Park (512) 473-9437
Arkansas Bend
Mansfield Dam Park (512) 473-9437
Mansfield Dam
620
Lake Austin (Colorado R.)
Graveyard Point
Hurst Creek Arm
Point Venture
Lakeway
Anderson Bend
Bee Creek
Bee Creek Road
71
30° 29.00'
30° 28.00'
30° 27.00'
30° 26.00'
30° 25.00'
30° 24.00'
30° 23.00'
-97° 56.00'
-97° 55.00'
-97° 54.00'
-97° 53.00'
-98° 3.00'
-98° 2.00'

COLOR INFRARED IMAGERY

The aerial photographs in the backgrounds of these maps are color infrared (CIR). They provide a unique view of the Earth not available in true color photography. Atmospheric haze is reduced to allow for a clear view of the terrain. Moreover, objects on the ground are easily identified by their unique coloration. On these maps, as in all standard CIR photographs, vegetation is shown in various shades of red. For instance, healthy trees are dark red and grass is light red. Other easily identifiable land cover types include pavement in shades of gray, and bare earth as white or light tan.

These aerial photographs of the land surrounding Lake Travis and Lake Marble Falls were taken in January 1995. Because these photographs were taken on different days during the month with different levels of sunlight, slight variations in illumination are apparent, especially in the areas where the photographs border one another.

Lake Travis Contours*

- 681' - 640'
- 640' - 600'
- 600' - 560'
- Less than 560'

*Normal pool elevation 681 feet above mean seal level (msl).

Lake Hazards

- Submerged Rocks or Stumps
- Shallow Areas (sandbars, may include rocks and stumps)
- 655 + Hazards Elevations
- **Starnes Island** Named Feature
- ◉ Public Boat Ramp
- 41 River Mileage Upstream From Dam

0 1,000 2,000 4,000 feet
0 500 1,000 meters

HAZARD BUOYS

CAUTION!
Controlled area.
Type indicated on buoy
(no fishing, no anchoring,
ski area, slow/no wake).

DANGER!
Written description of
danger may be displayed
outside the diamond shape
(rocks, stumps, hazards,
shallow areas).

BOATS KEEP OUT!
Written description of
danger may be displayed
outside crossed diamond
shape (rocks, stumps,
hazards, shallow areas).

DIVER DOWN FLAG
No boats allowed within
50 feet of this flag.
Boats within 150 feet must
operate at minimum speed
needed to maintain
steerage and headway.

BOAT SMART FROM THE START.
WEAR YOUR LIFE JACKET.

- About 800 people die every year in boating-related accidents in the United States. About 80 percent of these fatalities are caused by drowning.

Capsizing and falling overboard are the main causes of small-boat fatalities. Most of these deaths are preventable if boaters wear a life jacket. Life jackets today are attractive in appearance and comfortable to wear. When properly fitted, they can prevent tragedy.

Although it is a good practice for infants, small children and nonswimmers to wear a life jacket when near the water, everyone should wear a life jacket when boating. Many boaters believe that a life jacket close at hand is all the protection they need in an emergency. If something happens, such as capsizing, people think they will be able to put on the life jacket in the water and save themselves. Doing so is not as easy as it sounds and it may be impossible to do because of injury. The best precaution is to boat smart from the start. Wear your life jacket before you end up in the water!

- Boats are required to have a U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) approved Type I, II, III or V wearable life jacket for each person on the boat. Boats 16 feet and longer also must have one Type IV throwable flotation device.
- The Texas Water Safety Act requires children under age 13 to wear a life jacket when the boat is under way.